Radon Testing Results - Phoenix Charter School Action Level is 4.0 pCi/L

| | | | | - / | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Site Name | Building Name | Room Description (per floor plan) | Kit serial # | Date sampled | Type of test | Results (pCi/L) |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Multipurpose Room 1 | AE854028 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.5 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Multipurpose Room 2 | AE853984 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.5 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (Sean) | AE853991 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.6 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (Tawnie) | AE854035 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.6 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (Melanie) | AE854040 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.6 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (Sam) | AE854049 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.8 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (Tammy) | AE854055 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.4 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (OYCC 1) | AE854225 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.6 |
| Phoenix Charter School | Main Building | Ground Floor Classroom (OYC 2) | AE854079 | 2/28/2020 | Detector kit | <0.4 |

c/o Alpha Energy Labs



terrafirmafs.com (541) 900-0552

Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020 REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020 **Laboratory Certification Info**

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.5 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854028

LAB ID: 2122449

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor

TEST LOCATION: Multi Purpose Rm

CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:16 AM 02/26/2020

TEST END: 08:49 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.55 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

DISCLAIMER: Test results are only indicative of the sample as received by the lab. Incorrect information or improper procedures will affect results. Alpha Energy Labs did not provide sampling services unless otherwise indicated. This measurement is not necessarily predictive or supportive of measurements conducted at different times or different locations. Alpha Energy Labs is not responsible for the consequences of any action you do or do not take based on the test results. One sampler can test up to 2,000 square feet.

CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (503) 945-5944

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

- If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.
- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

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Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020
REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020

Laboratory Certification Info

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

STATE ID#: N/A

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.5 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE853984

LAB ID: 2122446

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor

TEST LOCATION: Multi Purpose Rm Dry Storage

CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:16 AM 02/26/2020

TEST END: 08:49 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.55 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

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QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

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*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

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- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

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Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020 REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020 **Laboratory Certification Info**

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

STATE ID#: N/A

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.6 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE853991

LAB ID: 2122452

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor TEST LOCATION: Sean Ged

CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:19 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:52 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.55 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

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*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

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RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

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RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

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|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
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| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
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| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
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Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020
REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020

Laboratory Certification Info

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.6 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854035

LAB ID: 2122448

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor
TEST LOCATION: Tawnie
CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:25 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:57 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.53 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

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Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

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RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
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| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
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| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

We recommend only hiring contractors who are certified and trained in radon mitigation. To find a certified contractor you can:

c/o Alpha Energy Labs



terrafirmafs.com (541) 900-0552

Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020 REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020 **Laboratory Certification Info**

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.6 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854040

LAB ID: 2122445

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor
TEST LOCATION: Melanie
CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:27 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:58 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.52 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

DISCLAIMER: Test results are only indicative of the sample as received by the lab. Incorrect information or improper procedures will affect results. Alpha Energy Labs did not provide sampling services unless otherwise indicated. This measurement is not necessarily predictive or supportive of measurements conducted at different times or different locations. Alpha Energy Labs is not responsible for the consequences of any action you do or do not take based on the test results. One sampler can test up to 2,000 square feet.

CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (503) 945-5944

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

- If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.
- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

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c/o Alpha Energy Labs



terrafirmafs.com (541) 900-0552

Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020
REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020

Laboratory Certification Info

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.8 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854049

LAB ID: 2122451

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor
TEST LOCATION: Sam
CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:29 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:59 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.5 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

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CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (503) 945-5944

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

- If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.
- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

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Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020 REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020 **Laboratory Certification Info**

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.4 pCi/L *

TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854055

LAB ID: 2122450

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor

TEST LOCATION: Tammy Science

CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:21 AM 02/26/2020

TEST END: 08:52 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.52 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

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CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (503) 945-5944

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

- If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.
- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

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Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020 REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020 **Laboratory Certification Info**

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.6 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854225

LAB ID: 2122453

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor
TEST LOCATION: Eric Oycc
CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:23 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:55 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.53 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

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CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

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- If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.
- If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should monitor your home. Your home is above the indoor average of 1.3 pCi/L. You can consider retesting now, or you can wait. However, The EPA recommends testing every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.
- If your radon level is <u>4 pCi/L or greater</u> you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 770 people could get lung cancer | 110 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 380 people could get lung cancer | 95 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 260 people could get lung cancer | 250 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 150 people could get lung cancer | 200 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 62 people could get lung cancer | 5 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 32 people could get lung cancer | 6 times the risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 20 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | About 3 people could get lung cancer | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be lower

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

| Radon | If 1,000 people were exposed | The risk of radon induced | What To Do |
|-----------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Level | to this level over a lifetime | lung cancer compares to | Next? |
| 100 pCi/L | About 440 people could get lung cancer | 63 times the risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 40 pCi/L | About 120 people could get lung cancer | 30 times the risk of dying from poison | Fix your home |
| 20 pCi/L | About 36 people could get lung cancer | 35 times the risk of drowning | Fix your home |
| 10 pCi/L | About 18 people could get lung cancer | 20 times the risk of dying in a fire | Fix your home |
| 4 pCi/L | About 7 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying in a car crash | Fix your home |
| 2 pCi/L | About 4 people could get lung cancer | The risk of dying from poison | Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L |
| 1.3 pCi/L | About 2 people could get lung cancer | (Average indoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |
| 0.4 pCi/L | | (Average outdoor radon level) | (Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult) |

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

| | # of Times | | | What test do I use? |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Test | Tested | Test Result | What do I do next? | (If retesting) |
| Short Term | 1 | <2 pCi/L | Retest every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | 1 | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Retesting Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | 4-8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Long Term or Short Term |
| | 1 | >8 pCi/L | Retest Now | Short Term |
| Short Term | 2 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (2-4 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
| Long Term | 1 or More | <2 pCi/L | Test every 2-3 years | Short Term |
| (90-365 days) | | 2-4 pCi/L | Consider Fixing the Home | |
| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

We recommend only hiring contractors who are certified and trained in radon mitigation. To find a certified contractor you can:

c/o Alpha Energy Labs



terrafirmafs.com (541) 900-0552

Page 1 of 3

Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 3/3/2020
REPORT DATE: 3/3/2020

Laboratory Certification Info

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL

STATE ID#: N/A

ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

PROJECT NAME:

Phoenix School

J Peck Terrafirma Foundation Systems 761 Ne Garden Valley Blvd Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: <0.4 pCi/L *
TEST KIT SERIAL #: AE854079

LAB ID: 2122447

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST ADDRESS: 3131 Diamond Lake Blvd

Roseburg, OR 97470 USA

TEST FLOOR: 1st Floor
TEST LOCATION: Eric Oycc
CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST START: 08:23 AM 02/26/2020 TEST END: 08:55 AM 02/28/2020

EXPOSURE: 48.53 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

DISCLAIMER: Test results are only indicative of the sample as received by the lab. Incorrect information or improper procedures will affect results. Alpha Energy Labs did not provide sampling services unless otherwise indicated. This measurement is not necessarily predictive or supportive of measurements conducted at different times or different locations. Alpha Energy Labs is not responsible for the consequences of any action you do or do not take based on the test results. One sampler can test up to 2,000 square feet.

CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

*The measured radon level was lower than the detector's Lower Limit of Detection. Visit DrHomeAir.com/LLD for info

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 3/3/2020

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (503) 945-5944

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

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| | | >4 pCi/L | Fix the Home | |
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